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Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations.

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, may homestead a quarter section of available land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Office, or Sub-agent for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months' residence up on and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-empted six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$5.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$300.00.

W. W. COBB, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

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A MOTHER'S PRAYER

Utterance of Supplication Learned at Parent's Knee Brings Prosperity and Happiness.

By GEORGE ELMER COBB.

It was a most unusual coincidence that Robert A. Jones, lawyer, had offices in the same skyscraper where Robert B. Jones, also lawyer, had an office. The comparison, however, was grotesque. "Judge" Jones occupied a suite on the second floor, about as elaborate as the upholsterer's art could make it. "Bill" Jones, at his friends familiarly called him, had a little ten-by-twelve room at the top story. It contained a worn rug, a small desk, two chairs, and a bookcase holding only the most necessary law books required in the profession.

At these, the two law possessors, Bob was staring gloomily. It was the darkest hour in his life, and the late afternoon shadows formed a fitting frame for his environment. The agent for the building surveyed Bob rather pityingly.

"Sorry, Mr. Jones," he said, "but it's the rule. There's two months' rent overdue. I'll just have the stuff here stored with good care. Soon as you get on your feet again you can say up and get it back."

"No," said Bob definitely, "well I'm through."

"Don't say that," spoke the agent. "And look here, it's right down to bread and butter, why, I'm your friend, and the speaker jingled some silver in his pocket significantly."

"Thank you," said Bob in a subdued tone, "but you've been too indulgent already."

"I'll be on hand when you call on me," declared the agent cheerily. "Don't give up the ship—always darkest before the dawn, remember."

Bob leaned against the desk. He was, indeed, "through." He had made a brave fight—no clients, no money, and this was the end. He brushed his hand across his eyes as a flashing picture of the old farm home, father, mother, dead now, filled his mind. Then he put on his hat and opened a drawer in the desk.

A pencil, a memorandum book, two postage stamps, a meal ticket with all the numbers punched out save one, and a rather bitter smile Bob pocketed the lot. He pulled open a second drawer. As if a devil had stung him, his hand shot out eagerly at the little silver-mounted weapon it contained.

"The quick way," he said hoarsely. He flung the weapon back into the drawer, crashed it shut, and his face fell across his arms. Some power drove his lips to the low sobbing utterance of a prayer, learned at his mother's knee.

"Is this Mr. Jones?" asked a timid, almost frightened voice.

Bob had heard some sound at the door, but had supposed it was the agent going out. In a startled way he faced a dainty, lissome young girl, oddly out of place in her bewitching grace and prettiness that he had not fancied it a detour. He just nodded.

"That is—" the girl was pale and her hand was trembling as she tendered a large envelope. There was no doubt that she had seen the weapon and heard the prayer.

She was confused in delivering a message. "My aunt, Mrs. Cynthia Bell, asked me to give you this. It is—something about—about another lawyer, and—you are to write aunt or see her."

"Then she was gone. Bob sank to a chair. His heart had leaped up at such loveliness. But—not for him! He, penniless, a failure! He opened the envelope, and there it lay—some papers in one of the few law cases he had assisted in. Around a file of documents two fifty-dollar bills were folded. Next to them was a note. It read:

"I am the attorney at Blackville of Mrs. Bell. She will come to you to assist her in getting possession of some important papers, will give you a retainer fee, and if we win the case, this and there will be a contingent fee for you."

"Why," exclaimed Bob, glancing at the envelope, "this is for the Jones dowry!" All this money!

He sat looking at those crisp bank notes hungrily. For a moment there was a vivid picture of a fine case, snowy linen, glittering cut glass, the well served meal, and then—

"The Jones dowry is away in Europe," mused Bob, "but this is his business, not mine. Ah! Here is an address," and Bob placed the envelope in his pocket and went down to the street.

An hour later Bob was ushered into a suite of rooms in an apartment house three miles away. An old lady and a young one arose to greet him.

"Mr. Jones—you are prompt," said the older lady, holding his card in

her hand. The younger one, his office visitor, looked at him with interest, but not eagerly.

"Mr. Jones, yes," said Bob with a forced smile, "but not the Mr. Jones for whom those documents were intended." And then Bob told of the other Jones, of his absence, and handed the lady the envelope.

"Aunt," the young lady whispered to the young lawyer, "may I speak to you for a moment?"

Bob sat fidgeting in his seat. It was the young lady who finally turned, alone. She brought back the packet.

"Mr. Jones," she said, her voice trembling slightly, "I am Marion Bell, the niece of the lady you have just seen. I have spoken to my aunt, and my mistake may not be a mistake after all. We must have a lawyer at once; the other Mr. Jones is away, and—will you take the case?"

"You will trust me, a stranger?" began Bob, choking up.

"Yes," she replied, "because—because I know you need a client, and because that dreadful lampy, your mother's prayer, have told me to be your friend. Have I said too much?"

It was a simple case. A miserly old fellow in the city had some papers of the greatest importance in a law involving the estate of Miss Bell. He might demand a prohibitory price for their return.

Here again the star of hope and fortune arose for Bob. The old fellow happened to be a client of a friend of Bob, a struggling young lawyer like himself. One week later, at no expense whatever, Bob brought the coveted documents to Mrs. Bell.

In the meantime, through the Bell, he was introduced to some influential people. Two new clients came to him, and things began to look up for loyal, patient Bob.

The day he got back into his old office he called on Marion. He told her the whole story of that dismal afternoon when they had first met.

"And, oh! how sorry I felt for you," confessed Marion, "for I guessed that you were in deep trouble, and that the full glorious dawn had come at last!"

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He Faced a Dainty, Lissome Young Girl.



CHARLES W. MORSE, "frenzied financier who was liberated from a United States prison because it was shown he was at death's door and who now after a prolonged stay in Germany fully recovered his health and spirits."

Protecting the Palace

While the King and his household are asleep in Buckingham Palace there are two men who never rest. They are the firemen who patrol the Palace continually during the night with keys which will enable them to open any room in which fire is suspected. No place is better guarded against fire than Buckingham Palace.

Pictures of Moving Bullet

A new motion picture camera using electric sparks instead of shutters is capable of making 100,000 pictures a second and has made 72 pictures of a bullet fired from a revolver passing through a space of ten inches.

Tower 825 Feet High

The highest structure in America, and, with the exception of the Eiffel tower, the tallest in the world, is an 825 foot tower erected in New Jersey by a German wireless telegraph company.

Device For Aviators

There has been devised for aviators a device to show at all times the exact angle of an aeroplane with reference to the air current through which it is traveling.

Vegetation at the Poles

The rapid growth of vegetation in polar regions, despite the brief summers, is attributed to the strength of the electric currents in the atmosphere.

New Coffee Pot

A woman is the patentee of a coffee pot in which the grounds are kept away from the spout by a vertical perforated partition extending to the top.

Bicycles in France

There are about 3,200,000 bicycles in use in France now as compared with 800,000 14 years ago, when the government began counting them for taxation.

Horses are now groomed with the vacuum cleaner.

THEIR NEW DOCTOR

Excitement in Mayville When Old Physician is Supplanted by Young Man.

By MILDRED CAROLINE GOODRIDGE.

There was great excitement in the social circles of Mayville when the successor to the practice of old Dr. Cyrus Dall arrived. For forty years the latter had been the chosen physician of the town. When he had sold his practice to Dr. Brian Eversley, a young, handsome and wealthy member of the profession, all Mayville was agog, and speculation and gossip held the various social coteries in a kind of pleasant thrall.

The young doctor had purchased The Oaks, a beautiful estate near the edge of the village. A maiden sister was to be his housekeeper. When a new automobile and some wonderful horse furnishings arrived, Miss Cyrille Rushton, aged thirty, but passing for twenty-two, at the real leader of the real social set of Mayville, was said to brighten up at a chance to once more angle for a husband.

He was further announced that the young physician was philanthropically inclined, Miss Brenda Dorman, president of the Ladies' Aid society, was in transports of anticipation and delight.

The young doctor arrived, and he was not a disappointment. He was something more than handsome—earnest, affable and intellectual. He was pleased at the gracious attention of Miss Rushton, and it seemed to intend him to listen to the ceaseless chatter of Miss Dorman. High society shrugged its shoulders at his "free clinic" and his "free medicine" to the poor classes living over on the flats. Still, an exhibition of his skill in their own service caused him to be received as a fit successor to the old practitioner, Doctor Dall.

The Ladies' Aid society held weekly meetings in an old room, which had been neatly fitted up for them. A Mrs. Fulton lived in apartments be-

cause in a physician's house, and Doctor Eversley, as he and Nettie walked away from the home where they had taken the part of true ministering angels.

Nettie fully understood him. They had found the poor-house filled with equal, illness and suffering. They had lost the comfort of the life and the inmates happy and hopeful.

There came a day when Miss Rushton took a sudden journey to relatives, and Miss Dorman resigned from the Ladies' Aid society. Two lines in the weekly announced an important engagement.

"You see, my brother is a very practical young man," was the way Miss Eversley explained the situation. "He thinks, as I do, that a good nurse makes a good doctor's wife."

(Copyright, 1912, by W. G. Chapman.)



"Miss Lane!" He Exclaimed in Wonderment.

hind, and kept watch and ward over the place. Miss Rushton had recently joined the circle, and Miss Dorman had never been so active in her supervisory duties. The society clothed the ragged, fed the poor and had done some free nursing—Miss Dorman very little, however. Shunted as the argument of the group, all she pretended to do was to donate the raw materials for the real undertakings of the club to new into garments.

One of these latter was the Nettie Lane, who sat in a corner of the room now, engrossed in the idea of making forty tiny night robes. The rest of the group were chattering and gossiping. Whenever Doctor Eversley's name was mentioned, Nettie's eyes brightened with interest. It was mentioned very frequently.

"The way Cyrille Rushton has set her cap for Dr. Eversley is simply brave," observed Sarah Bates, who had graduated into old maidenhood several years ago.

"Not half so bold as Brenda's sly pious way," broke in cynic, warning Selma Martin. "She pretended to be a housewife, just to get the doctor's attention."

Plain, quiet Nettie smiled "to herself. She was happy in knowing that the doctor had made a friend and confidant of her. Miss Eversley had taken a decided fancy to her. Nettie was, in fact, very close to the doctor; something in their natures harmonized. Miss Eversley had seen through the feigned illness of several young ladies who had called for her brother's professional care. She had laughed over those plausible subterfuges with Nettie.

If anybody had told Nettie that these rising friendships indicated a chance to capture the handsome young physician, she would have been overwhelmed with confusion. Such an idea had never entered her sensible little head. For all that, she knew she had never met a man whose kind, human spirit had so awakened respect and admiration in her pure, gentle soul.

"And what do you say of all this?" said her little busy Dorman. "She's changed Miss Bates, noticing the unobtrusive Nettie."

"I only knew that Doctor Eversley is a very splendid man," replied Nettie softly. "Why, I am making these little trifles for a child who belongs to a family that the doctor has graciously taken charge of at his own expense. He is a good, good man."

Nettie grew so enthusiastic that she blushed and blushed. Miss Bates gave her a keen look and whispered to Miss Morton.

It can't be possible that little nobody has ideas."

"About the doctor," said Miss Morton. "Oh, ridiculous."

Nettie finished her work somewhat later and went home. Miss Rushton

came in, then the lady president, and that messenger arrived. He brought a note from Doctor Eversley. It was addressed to the society. A contagious sickness had broken out in a sort of epidemic without means or friends. Could the society appoint some one to give half a day for a week to day caring for two little children in the family?

There was dead silence at the word "contagious." Miss Rushton had an urgent engagement. Miss Dorman talked of "volunteers." The group gradually broke up and the doctor's answer was not replied to.

That afternoon Doctor Eversley's automobile stopped in front of the poor home where his services were so sorely needed. He was a trifle disappointed at receiving no recognition of his message, and had decided to enlist the sympathies of his sister. His knock brought a neat figure wearing nurse cap and apron to the door.

"Miss Lane!" he exclaimed in wonderment.

"Yes it is I!" Nettie smiled back. "A neighbor told me of this case, and I have so wished to see if I have the patience and skill to act the nurse."

"You said Dr. Eversley with heightened color as he entered the sick room."

Never had a poor family such royal doctors as those who received by the one now under the care of Doctor Eversley as physician and Nettie Lane as nurse. Miss Rushton sent delicacies from her table every morning.

The Ladies' Aid society invested all its surplus funds in sheets, pillow cases, comforters, an invalid chair and clothing.

That dread word "contagious" made greetings on the street quite low and far between for the doctor. His sister, however, was visited daily by the anxious young ladies, hoping the dear doctor was not overworking himself; that the dreadful disease would not spread, and eager to learn the real sentiments of the Eversleys as to the case of Miss Lane, who was just cut out for a nurse."

When the truth got out that the contagious feature of the case did not extend beyond Nettie Lane, Miss Rushton bit her lip and Miss Dorman denounced Nettie as a schemer.

"This is one of the great pleasures of a physician's life," said Doctor Eversley, as he and Nettie walked away from the home where they had taken the part of true ministering angels.

Nettie fully understood him. They had found the poor-house filled with equal, illness and suffering. They had lost the comfort of the life and the inmates happy and hopeful.

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PASSING OF SUNDAY SUPPER

Chafing Dish Meats Now Seen Largely to Comprise the Sabbath Evening Repast.

Time was when the Sunday night supper was of even more vital importance than the midday dinner, especially in those towns and villages where strict religious principles prohibited cooking on the Sabbath.

It was not considered wrong to mix a pan of biscuits the night before and bake them the next morning, so that hot, puffy features of the meal, with honey or some of mother's quince preserves or canned cherries, were looked forward to with joyous anticipation.

As time passed, the stringent line relaxed as far as cooking for supper was concerned, and, in addition to cold salads, there would always be some hot dish, such as the real old-fashioned hash or scrambled eggs, with creamed potatoes.

City life has changed all this. Even the suburbanite who apes city ways has abandoned the table cloth, the doilies used in place of the regulation dinner cloth, and the chafing dish placed in front of the hostess, the ingredients of the meal, and the lamp trimmed and burning. From this she turns out creamed chicken and ham, deviled sausages, mutton ragout and "meatballs"—her grandmother would call them, as she waxes reminiscent on the honey and hot biscuit era.

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Don't Hurt Bill.

A certain Indianapolis Sunday school, which is conducting a recruiting campaign by modern advertising methods, through a publicity committee, has received a suggestion for an appeal, to be posted abroad. It reads:

"Hello, Bill. Come, let us save your soul. It can't hurt you, and it will help you. Be good, fellow!"

The committee has the suggestion under advisement.

New Death Method. A well known scientist, who for some years has been professor of chemistry in the College de France, Paris, has suggested the use of carbonic oxide for the putting to death of criminals, as compared for the destruction of strychnine. He states that this is a quiet and painless death, and one that is not shock the sensibilities.

A Lucky Policeman. Atlantic City, New Jersey, is congratulating Motor-cycle Policeman William Campbell on attaining his twenty-first birthday and inheriting under the will of an uncle the sum of \$100,000. Campbell declares that he has no intention of resigning, as his ambition is to work his way up to Chief of Police.

Laborers are now caught with a snag consisting of a circle of hooks hanging under a place of bait.

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Russell & Jones.

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Seymour & Duwe. A. Mc. Soc. C.E. H. L. Seymour, D.L.S., A.L.S., B.A., So. (Tor.). W. Duwe, B.Sc. (McGill). Civil and Consulting Engineers, Land Surveyors, Town Sites and Subdivisions, Railroad Municipal and Domestic Engineers. Managers for Homes & Gerson, Architects. Phone 88. Red Deer.

General Satisfaction Over C.N.R. Bond Guarantee

WILL BE DECIDED BOON TO THE WEST

Borden Makes Grand Bargain

Ottawa, April 29.—There is general satisfaction in government circles, today, over the solution of the C.N.R. problem. The members feel that a great victory has been won and that the country will endorse the terms of the proposals. The opposition members refuse to express an opinion, but the agreement is so good that little criticism can be levelled at them in a summary manner.

Business men in parliament say that the clearing of the railway situation means the end of the depression. Millions of money will be put into circulation, debts will be paid, and progress will replace pessimism. R. B. Bennett, M.P., Calgary, and W. F. Nickle, M.P., Kingston, as they have previously announced, continue to oppose the agreement.

The Laurier government gave to the C.N.R. cash subsidies amounting to \$4,000,000 and bond guarantees of nearly \$40,000,000 and never exacted a concession, not even a pledge, except it was a pledge of campaign subscription or other election support. The present agreement presents a contract highly creditable to the Borden government.

The Borden government has seized the opportunity to obtain control of the C.N.R. for all practical purposes. Sir Wilfrid encouraged the commencement of the enterprise, and thought not of the country. In the reorganized C.N.R., the eastern traffic from Montreal to Halifax will be carried over the Intercolonial railway, under a working agreement.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT.
The government, Tuesday night, placed before parliament its proposals, the resolution in regard to the matter being brought down at 11.30.

The amount of bonds to be guaranteed is \$45,000,000 per value. Elaborate and far-reaching safeguards have been planned by the ministry to protect the public and insure that the money secured by the sale of bonds shall be expended in the manner agreed to.

The following official statement sets forth the distinctive points:
1.—A proposition is made for guaranteeing the bonds to the amount of \$45,000,000, which, with the other assets now available, is considered sufficient for the completion of the company's lines as a transcontinental system. Subsequent betterments will, of course, be necessary from time to time. The system, when completed, will comprise nearly 10,000 miles of railway.

2.—The company stock issue at the present time amounts to \$145,000,000, of which about \$138,000,000 are held by Mackenzie and Mann, Limited, and \$7,000,000 by the government. The \$145,000,000 above mentioned consists of \$77,000,000 of stock in the C.N.R. and \$68,000,000 of stock in the various subsidiary companies. The total capitalization of \$145,000,000 is reduced to \$100,000,000, of which the government receives \$35,000,000, in addition to the \$7,000,000 already held, or \$42,000,000 in all. On the other hand, the stock holdings of Mackenzie and Mann, Limited, named \$70,000,000 of the C.N.R. and \$68,000,000 in the subsidiary companies, or \$138,000,000 in all has been reduced to \$60,000,000, that is to say, a total reduction of \$78,000,000.

BULLETS RELEASE HUGE SUM
3.—Mackenzie and Mann, Limited, have absolutely released all claims against the Canadian Northern railway and its various subsidiary companies for offices which they have performed during the past 18 years, since the inception of the enterprise. It is estimated that on the ordinary

government may transfer the road, subject to outstanding securities, to any corporation, the company which may be constituted for the purpose. In such case the common stock and all the interests of Mackenzie and Mann, Limited, would be absolutely wiped out and the entire system would be held either by the government in the right of the people, or by a new corporation constituted by parliament.

4.—The long delays usually incident to foreclosure proceedings will thus be obviated and the situation dealt with in a summary manner.

INTEREST IS SECURED.
5.—The government agrees that for three years after the opening of the through line between Montreal and the Pacific coast, the government, if requested by the company, will pay the interest on the forty-five millions guaranteed, but the interest so paid must be repaid by the company to the government, with interest thereon from time to time. In other words the three years' interest, if paid by the government, will be added to the principal and will be secured against by the principal by mortgage trust deed.

6.—A most careful and thorough investigation has been made by the expert accountants of the department of railways and the department of finance into the books, records and accounts of the C.N.R. and its subsidiary companies. From this examination and inquiry it appears that Mackenzie and Mann, Limited, have not withdrawn or diverted any money which has been realized by the sale of securities of the C.N.R. but that all such money has been applied to the construction of the road.

STOCK ISSUE REDUCED.
6.—The reduction of the stock issue from \$145,000,000 to \$100,000,000 has been accomplished by having all the stocks of the various subsidiary railway companies, telegraph, express and elevator companies, as well as the steamship companies, transferred to the C.N.R., so that the government, holding \$40,000,000 out of \$100,000,000 of C.N.R. stock, has a corresponding interest in all these companies. The interest of Mackenzie and Mann, Limited, which owns the townships, which holds very valuable real estate in the three prairie provinces, has also been pledged to the government as security. The interest so pledged consists of \$10,000,000 of bonds and \$10,000,000 of stock, which will contribute a very valuable asset.

7.—In order to insure that the \$45,000,000 to be raised by the government's guarantee shall be applied to the completion of this transcontinental system and to no other purpose, the government have made provision for the most thorough and complete supervision of the road, so that not one dollar of the money so raised can be appropriated or diverted to any other purpose.

MUST PAY DEBTS.
8.—As the company, outside of the amounts owed to contractors, which are very large at the present time, also about \$14,000,000 of temporary loans, raised by the pledging of securities which have not been sold and which hitherto have not been saleable at reasonable figures, and as the company has also a floating indebtedness of between \$10,000,000 and \$11,000,000, the government has stipulated that Mackenzie and Mann, Limited, shall give absolutely satisfactory security that both the temporary loan and the floating indebtedness shall be repaid by the company without recourse in any way to the money which is to be raised by the guaranteed securities for the completion of the road.

9.—Provision is made that all traffic arising on the C.N.R. system shall be transported on Canadian lines, and if for export shall be conveyed to Canadian ports, and as the government has insisted on an absolute stipulation by the C.N.R., and have not been prepared to accept a covenant that the freight shall be transported by the Canadian lines except where otherwise by the shipper, as in the case of the G.T.P.

PROVIDES GOVERNMENT INSPECTION.
10.—Provision has also been made for interchange of traffic between the C.N.R. system and the C.P.R., subject, however, to any outstanding agreement between the I.C.R. and other companies, such as the Grand Trunk.

11.—Provision is made for inspection by the government officials of books, reports and other records of the C.N.R. and its subsidiary companies whenever the government desires.

12.—Provision is also made for the appointment by the government of a director upon the board of the C.N.R. and each of its subsidiary companies.

13.—It is provided that all the lines comprising the C.N.R. system jurisdiction of the parliament of Canada shall be subject to the control of rates by the board of railway commissioners for Canada.

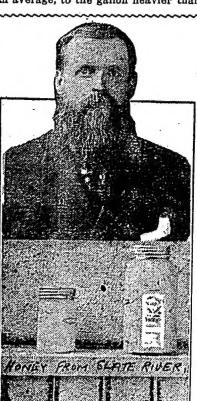
MAY TAKE OVER ROAD.
14.—Very careful and direct provision has been made for dealing with any situation which may arise in case the company should not be able in the future to carry out its engagements. In the event of any default by the C.N.R. or any of the subsidiary companies, meeting the interest or principal due on any securities issued by such companies, the government may forthwith, by order-in-council, appoint directors of all such companies and appoint directors in their stead.

15.—The new board so appointed and representing the government, will be able to take the extraordinary power which would enable the board, with the approval of the government, to vest the road, subject to all outstanding securities, in the government as trustees for the people; or the board with the authority of the

WANT MILLION FARMERS

Peace River District Has Room For All

"The Peace River country" is really a very indefinite term applied to an enormous territory within the basin of the Peace River, where there is such a diversity of natural characteristics that it is impossible to give any description which will apply accurately, or even approximately to all parts of it. From the confluence of the Finlay and Peace rivers, west of the Rocky Mountains, to where it empties into the Slave River, near Lake Athabasca, is about 600 miles in a straight line but about 1,000 miles as the river flows and approximately 100,000,000 acres of arable land are drained by this mighty river and its tributaries, including the North and South Peace and the Halfway rivers. Of this area at least 60,000,000 acres are park land or open prairie, and 40,000,000 acres are covered with heavy timber. There is room for a million farmers. There is no longer any question as to the agricultural possibilities of that vast pampa. It has already passed the experimental stage for it has been proven by actual results that the climate is admirably adapted to the maturing of the entire range of farm products of the temperate zones; and, further, that the grains attain a maturity and quality which are not excelled anywhere else in the known world. The hard varieties of spring wheat grow there show a yield and weight, and also milling qualities in advance of that produced on the prairies of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, which are now reckoned as the producers of the standard wheat of the world. And in those great stretches of natural meadows the pioneer meets with little difficulty in preparation of his land, as it is possible for him to begin breaking the sod and actual farm operations during the first season in the country. All that is lacking now is transportation, and this problem is being solved as quickly as steel can be laid by two or three different railroads, which are racing for the choicest territory.



MR. J. M. MUNRO

of Slave River, Ontario, the champion apiarist, who from native wild flowers and weeds raised six and one-half tons of pure honey.

In discussing rotation of crops a writer in the Journal of the Board of Agriculture points out the fact that left to itself without change land in course of time gathers a fresh stock of fertility, but seeing that in many cases land in the beginning is exhausted, crop rotation must be followed in order to maintain fertility and to bring worn-out soil up to a productive standard. The writer points out that the main reason for growing a series of crops is that the requirements of the various classes of crops are so different that they must be given different capacities to extract and use the various materials known as plant food. Some crops require much of certain classes of this, while others demand large quantities of food of another class. Some are shallow-rooted and some are deep-rooted and use the land for a much longer period than others, that is, they have a longer growing season. All these things must be taken into consideration when working out a rotation. No matter how rich the land is in the beginning continuous cropping with one kind of crop sooner or later exhausts certain elements of plant food which the crop grown requires in largest quantities.

ROTATION OF CROPS

Fertility Is Best Maintained by Various Crops

Owl In Engine Cab
While the driver of the "Flying Scotsman" from Boston to Cardiff was driving his train at sixty miles an hour near Leighton, Cheshire, the lookout window on his engine was suddenly smashed. Pieces of broken glass flew in all directions, and a porcupine, the driver of the train found an owl, dead.

Electric Lighted Aeroplane
Costing \$20,000, a huge aeroplane, with a comfortable cabin lighted by electricity and heated by a gas engine, has been built by the Russian engineer Sikorsky. There is room in the cabin for six people to talk about without jostling each other. They are completely protected from the wind, and have eight windows and two portholes from which to look out.

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NECTAR FROM WEEDS

Six and One-half Tons of Honey Raised by 100 Colonies of Bees

Six and one-half tons of pure extracted (not strained) honey in one season is the splendid record of the bees of Mr. J. M. Munro of Slave River, near Port Arthur, district settled in the Port Arthur district fourteen years ago, on 200 acres of farm land. Instead of taking ten years to pay for it he had it all paid for in five years, and now owns 600 acres. Incidentally Mr. Munro has raised, besides farm crops and honey by the bees, a family of eleven children.

"Forty million pounds of honey have gone to waste through non-cultivation of the bee business," said Mr. Munro during an address to the Port Arthur Board of Trade, "and I estimate that over \$6,000,000 has been lost to this district through the non-cultivation of honey-producers of the common flower of the field and wayside."

Mr. Munro has 100 colonies of bees, and his honey weighs two pounds, on an average, to the gallon heavier than

while laid up. The plaintiff also claimed for his time at the rate of 30c an hour as a carpenter, but this was not allowed, his lordship holding that the one claim for time lost excluded the other.

The next case, Campbell v. Sheppard, et al, was an action for the payment of a note for \$1300 assigned to the plaintiff, signed by a number of farmers living west of Red Deer.

This was a joint promissory note given for an imported Belgian stallion. The defence was that the note had been obtained by fraud and misrepresentation, and that the makers had been induced to sign it in some cases under the impression that it was a petition to bring the horse into the district, and that they were liable to pay for it only as and when the service fees accumulated to enable them to do so.

Judge Simmon held that the horse was sold fraudulently, and the notes obtained by means of fraud. The plaintiff was the holder for value without notice of any fraud, and therefore gave judgment for plaintiff for the amount of note and costs.

Phillips v. C.N.R. In this case the plaintiff sued the C.N.R. for the cost of a right of way for a super-mile for right of way for a structure and value of buildings, which amounted to about \$9,000, whereas they had been assessed \$50,000. Judgment reserved for assessment.

C.N.R. v. Cora Lynn School District. This action was to set aside an assessment.

The plaintiff claimed that the assessment should only be \$1,000 per mile for right of way for a structure and value of buildings, which amounted to about \$9,000, whereas they had been assessed \$50,000. Judgment reserved for assessment.

W. E. Payne for plaintiff, H. H. Munro for defendant.

Checkley v. Checkley. In this action for alimony, after hearing part of the first witness, the judge suggested the case should be settled, and it resulted in the parties agreeing to live together, the defendant to pay plaintiff's expenses to Toronto and support her, and as soon as he could conveniently sell his business in Innisfail, to join her. The defendant to pay plaintiff's costs of the action.

W. E. Payne for plaintiff, A. H. Russell for defendant.

The case of Tatham v. Everts et al, another W. B. Kidd horse-note action, was postponed until next court.

The continuation of the spring sittings of the Supreme Court for trial of civil cases was opened in the Oldfellows Hall Tuesday last week. Owing to certain circumstances, it was impossible for court to follow the criminal cases which were concluded some weeks ago. Justice Simmon presided.

The first case was that of Spurr v. Lauder and Cox, in which the plaintiff claimed damages for malicious imprisonment on the 31st of May, 1911. The plaintiff had brought an action against the defendant Cox for the payment of wages alleged to be due, before Dr. Lauder, an Innisfail J.P. This case he lost, and it was alleged that the defendant Lauder had immediately issued a distress warrant against him, and also a committal order, so that within two hours of the finish of the case he was taken into custody, and kept in the Innisfail lock-up until the receipt of an order for his release from the Deputy Attorney-General. This imprisonment, it was claimed, was illegal, as he had chattels which could be distrained, was put in force without haste, as he had shown no disposition to evade his liability, and he showed malice on the part of the defendant Cox, for whose benefit it was, and at whose instigation it was believed to have been resorted to.

For the defence it was argued that the chattels to which reference had been made were not available for distress, as the hotel-keeper held a lien upon them for board; that the proceedings were not instigated by the defendant Cox; that no malice had been alleged against the defendant Lauder; and that his action had been in ignorance of the strict letter of the law. The defendant Lauder's counsel expressed regret that his client had ignorantly exceeded his jurisdiction, and did not ask for costs, for inasmuch as there was no suspicion of malice in his case, asked for a decision in his favor.

His Lordship dismissed the action against the defendant Cox with costs, and reserved his decision in regard to the other defendant. Mr. Barnett, Innisfail, appeared for plaintiff, Mr. Oldham for the defendant.

The next case was that of Sheldrick v. Nuneely. This was an action by a Bowden farmer and carpenter, who was a witness in the case of the 15th of December, 1912, the plaintiff was driving a buggy from Olds to Bowden, and had arrived at a grade crossing a slough, about three miles from Bowden, when it was alleged, the defendant's auto appeared suddenly and unexpectedly, so frightening the horses that they shied, upsetting the buggy and causing the plaintiff a broken collar-bone. The plaintiff claimed for damages to the rig, personal injuries, loss of time, and medical expenses.

The facts of the case were that on the 15th of December, 1912, the plaintiff was driving a buggy from Olds to Bowden, and had arrived at a grade crossing a slough, about three miles from Bowden, when it was alleged, the defendant's auto appeared suddenly and unexpectedly, so frightening the horses that they shied, upsetting the buggy and causing the plaintiff a broken collar-bone. The plaintiff claimed for damages to the rig, personal injuries, loss of time, and medical expenses.

NOTICE

To James Sutherland Young
Formerly of Red Deer, in the Province of Alberta.

TAKE NOTICE That an action has been commenced against you by Mary Cooke, in the Supreme Court of Alberta, Judicial District of Edmonton, in which said plaintiff claims the payment of the sum of \$971.42 and interest thereon, and the costs of this action, or an order that your interest in the N.E. 2, 23-24, 4, 5th, in the Province of Alberta, be foreclosed, under a mortgage made by you, and that the said property be vested in Mary Cooke.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE THAT you are required to enter an appearance with the Clerk of the Supreme Court of the Judicial District of Edmonton, at Edmonton, on or before the 9th day of June, 1914, pursuant to the order of the Master in Chancery, dated the 23rd day of April, 1914.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE THAT unless you enter an appearance with the said clerk on or before the said date, judgment may be signed against you by default, and your interest in the said land may be foreclosed.

HYNDMAN, HYNDMAN, MILNER and MATTHEWS,
Solicitors for the Plaintiff.
Apr 29, 3w.

The Mechanical Garage Company

2nd STREET, S. E.

Service Guaranteed. Auto Supplies in Stock. Tire Vulcanizing
We do repairs on all makes of Autos and Farm Gasoline Engines.

GASOLINE FOR SALE

Agents for Kissel Kar, Chandler "Six", and Hupmobile Cars

You Can Get Quantity Anywhere!

BUT IF YOU WANT

QUALITY

YOU MUST COME TO US!

PURE PASTEURIZED MILK AND CREAM,
FRESH BUTTER

at the

RED DEER CREAMERY, PHONE 67

ZAM-BUK

MRS. A. SAICH, of Cannington Manor, Sask., writes:—"My brother suffered severely from eczema. The sores were very extensive, and burned like coals into his flesh. Zam-Buk took out all the fire, and quickly gave him ease. Within three weeks of commencing with Zam-Buk treatment, every sore had been cured."

This is but one of the many letters we are constantly receiving from people who have proved the healing powers of Zam-Buk. For eczema, piles, area, burns, cuts and all skin troubles there is nothing like this wonderful balm. The cure is quick and permanent. It is a tried and tested remedy. All Druggists, 50c. per Box. Refuse Substitutes.

ECZEMA

ROD AND GUN FOR MAY

Rod and Gun for May is out with, as usual, an attractive bill of fare for the sportsmen. The "Dogs of the North," "Hunting Trip to Pecos," "The History of the Canoe," "Building a Sectional Boat," "The Swamp Maiden," "The Roughneck Fishing Club," "Obnoxious Fish in Lakes and Ponds," "Ideal Trout Fishing Ontario Waters," are some of the articles worth special mention, while the extraordinary power of well maintained, and the whole of interest to both Canadian and American sportsmen. W. J. Taylor, Limited, Publishers, 100, West York, Ont. is this Canadian outdoor magazine.

Working Girls' Army

There are about 110,000 milliners and dressmakers, 38,000 typists and clerks, and 14,000 girls under fourteen years of age earning a wage in London," said Miss Emily Kinard, in a meeting in London in support of hotels for girls.

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Offsetting Competition

The thing for the merchants of this community to do in their own interest is to advertise faithfully, and to make their printed announcements interesting and helpful to those whose trade and favor are desired.

The serious competitors of the retailers of this community are the big stores of the big cities—those that send out catalogues and have mail-order departments.

The poorest way to offset this competition is for our local merchants to remain silent. For them not to "speak up" is to give the mail-order houses a better chance to get business from this community.

A WORD TO THE PUBLIC

When you send your money out of this community, you enrich the great shops and impoverish this community. Strengthen the merchants of this community. It will all be returned to you in the form of better service and better values.

Be Loyal to Your Own Community

The News

RED DEER ALBERTA
Published Every Wednesday Morning
at The News Block, Gaetz Ave.
South.

Subscription \$1.00 per year if paid
in advance.
\$.50 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES ON
APPLICATION.
JNO. A. CARSWELL,
Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 6th, 1914.

POLITICAL HUMBUGS.

When Sir Wilfrid brought in his amendment to the budget, he dropped the free food cry and only asked for free agricultural implements, free wheat and "a considerable removal of taxation."

With regard to the latter, we are all strongly in favor of a "considerable removal of taxation," whatever that may mean.

With regard to free agricultural implements, the Regina "Leader," the leading Liberal organ of Saskatchewan, has most effectively squelched any benefit Sir Wilfrid might derive from this cry by a calculation which has been reprinted with approval by other Liberal papers. The Leader claims to have proved that all the benefits the West will get from reduction of duty on harvesters and other farm machinery is only \$45,000 a year. If this is the whole benefit to the farmer of a decrease in the duty from 17 1/2 to 12 1/2 per cent, it seems to follow that the benefit from the total abolition of the duty on harvesters, mowers, etc., would have been only \$157,500, or less than one dollar for each farmer in the prairie country. Also it would appear that the reduction in duty on these articles during the fifteen years of the Laurier regime was \$22,500, or perhaps two cents for each person in the West. And the same result would have accrued from this item in the reciprocity treaty.

The curious feature of this announcement is the suddenness with which the harvester duty ceases to be important when nearly a third of it is swept away. Judging from the quantity of denunciation, and the vigor of the protest against these duties one would have supposed they were an almost intolerable burden, pressing the life and blood out of the oppressed farmer. But we have it now on the same authority that this was all a mistake. The removal of a third of the load is worth to the people chiefly concerned less than one street car fare, or the price of a fresh egg for each of them. We know now that if harvesters had been made free, or even if they were removed from all farm implements, we should have been told that the farmers' burden had not been appreciably reduced and that the government had done nothing for the relief of the grain grower. This record of a humbug campaign is one of the curiosities of Canadian tariff literature.

With regard to free wheat, it is a debatable question whether it would be good policy or not. Daily we see the quotations of Winnipeg and Minneapolis, and daily we see the prices higher in Winnipeg. How can it benefit us to sell to a lower mar-

ket and pay the freight as well? It is just as well to wait until we are sure it would be of any benefit to us, anyway, as we are sure it would hurt the great milling industries of Canada and make the wheat products higher.

AN AWFUL BLOW TO WESTERN FREE TRADERS.

When Michael Clark, the member for Red Deer, was west during the budget debate, eastern Liberal papers said the debate was deadly slow, and nothing would do him until big thunder, the man who was going to lead the Liberal party to fresh free trade pastures, green in the distance, appeared on the scene, then there would be something doing. The Calgary "Alberta" repeated it. The other Liberal papers fell into line. His home paper at Olds told its readers to watch for his great speech which would be printed verbatim in its columns. He was even mentioned as the coming leader of the Liberal party to take the place of Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Now all that is changed. Sir Wilfrid Laurier asked him, metaphorically speaking, to go away back and sit down, and there is weeping and wailing and gnashing of teeth in the western Liberal camp.

All through the weeks of talk we had heard the duties upon foodstuffs described as the real cause of the whole thing at Ottawa, got a rude jolt when it was said he was the biggest factor in the Dominion in keeping the Liberal party in the cool shades of opposition.

Clean-up day Friday. Swat the microbe.

Friday has been proclaimed a public holiday as a clean-up day. Help on the good work. Help make our city the cleanest, most beautiful, spot to live in in this great western province. Make it the city beautiful; make it the garden city of Alberta. It is worth while.

PANAMA CANAL OPEN MAY 10th

Commercial Use of Canal Begins Earlier Than Expected

Panama, April 30.—Governor Goethals decided, Wednesday, to begin a large service through the Panama canal about May 10, thus bringing it into commercial use much earlier than had been expected. This decision was brought about by the interruption of the Tehuantepec railroad route.

The first freight to be towed through will consist of Hawaiian sugar, and it is understood that this will probably, in future, all be routed by way of the canal.

During the past few days much freight has been offered for transshipment through the canal, most of it having formerly passed over the Tehuantepec route.

The conditions imposed make it necessary to have a ship ready for re-loading at the end of the canal in order to prevent congestion of the docks and also facilitating prompt release of the barges. A charge is to be made for tug service.

"FREE FOOD" ABANDONED

New Liberal Policy at Last Announced

HON. G. E. FOSTER'S MASTERLY CRITICISM

Free food has been abandoned as a Liberal policy.

The Opposition will not be able to meet the Conservatives at Phillips and that question as A. K. Macdonald, chief financial critic of the Liberals, so boldly challenged at the opening of the budget debate.

The long waited and much talked of Liberal fiscal policy has been announced after many and frequent conferences between the fiscal and high protection wings of the party. As a result, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, on Thursday last, moved an amendment to the budget embodying the new fiscal policy of the party. Free food, as well as an increase in the British preference, are not contained in the Liberal platform. The policy consists of free wheat and wheat products, and free agricultural implements, with "considerable removal of taxation as a means of alleviating the high cost of living," whatever that means.

THE LIBERAL POLICY.

The Liberal fiscal policy is to be found in the following amendment, which Sir Wilfrid moved:

"That this House is of the opinion that in view of the prevailing economic conditions of the country, it is advisable to place wheat, wheat products and agricultural implements on the free list, and that without doing injustice to any class steps should be taken to alleviate the high cost of living by considerable removal of taxation."

This amendment was defeated by 88 to 46, a government majority of 42, a particularly heavy majority.

Free wheat, wheat products and free agricultural implements are specific. But the third clause is a clever and ingenious attempt to work a policy, which can satisfy both ultra-free traders and high protectionists. It can be interpreted in any way or in any light; it can be

PROHIBITION IN ALBERTA IS GOAL

Temperance Workers Plan for 20,000 Signatures to Petition

Edmonton, April 30.—Total prohibition of the liquor traffic in Alberta is the object on which the temperance people in the province have set their eyes. It is intended to introduce a petition under the direct legislation act in the legislature this fall. Under this act, asking for the enactment of any proposed act. The legislature on receiving such a petition for any act, may either pass the act without amendment, or only such amendments as do not constitute a substantial alteration. If the legislature desires to make any important amendments to the act, it must be submitted to a vote of the electors, the writ for the election to issue not later than three months after the close of the session.

20,000 SIGNATURES

Preparations are now going forward for the presenting of the petition having the required number of signatures. As the total vote polled at the last election was in the neighborhood of 100,000, at least 20,000 names must be secured. "And we are going to get them, too," declares W. F. Gold, one of the secretaries of the Temperance and Moral Reform league. Mr. Gold further stated that the indications were very encouraging, and that province-wide prohibition was not so far off as some people imagined. He also expresses the opinion that the vote, if the act is submitted to the people, will be taken about next July, by the question public opinion on the subject should be ripe. The temperance propaganda includes conventions in the various constituencies, public meetings, the distribution of literature, "No Drink Shops," such as that on Jasper avenue where there are posters and models which depict the evils attendant upon the sale of liquor.

START WORK AT ONCE.

The legislature will probably meet again this year in September. If the house prorogues in October the vote on the temperance bill could not be taken before January, and would have to be taken before the following August. The forms of the petition should soon be in the hands of the printers, and the work of securing signatures will be started in a few days. It is likely that the petition, the biggest ever presented to the legislature, will be about a quarter of a mile long.

DR. MILLAR SPEAKS ON ADVANCED EDUCATION

At the conclusion of the meeting of citizens to discuss a clean-up day, which took place a week ago Friday last, in the city hall, Mayor Carleton, introduced Dr. Millar, of Edmonton to the audience, and invited them to listen to an address on education. Dr. Millar said it was too long an hour for him to address them at any great length, particularly after they had gone through one strenuous meeting, and he felt somewhat guilty at keeping them, but he would try and "get through in about a half hour."

Dr. Millar said he had recently been appointed Director of Technical Education, and in his brief address he traced educational purposes back from the early days when schools were merely a handmaiden of the church through its different phases up to the present time. He pointed out the different effects of education in the schools, colleges and universities, the improvements in the systems from time to time, the difference in the responsibilities of educating the people in the old Greek days, and the number they had to care for, and the responsibility resting upon the educational authorities of today. He pointed out that the day was coming when the present day was taking a turn along the lines of technical instruction for both boys and girls, and the government of Alberta had indicated that changes along this line would be made in the near future. He said that Medicine Hat had sold debentures to build a \$300,000 high school which would be fitted up for technical lines. In the past education had been classical and historical and training for professional life, but in future the training was likely to be more in keeping with the lines on which the individual would have to gain his living. Dr. Millar's address was so interesting and so splendidly delivered that his audience would have willingly stayed another hour to listen to him, and the citizens should be given another opportunity of hearing him.

E. Michener, Inspector Boyce and Eor. Huestis also spoke a few words, and a very hearty vote of thanks was tendered Dr. Millar for his address.

NOT SO COURAGEOUS.

"My right honorable friend," said Mr. Foster, "is not so courageous as he was in Hamilton. Why? Is the principle any less clear than it was in Hamilton four months ago? Are food prices any lower today than they were in Hamilton four months ago? Is the condition of the householder and housekeeper any different from what it was then. These were the considerations which weighed with my right honorable friend then; and when he has sifted out the matter he came to the conclusion that there must be relief, that relief was possible in one way and one way only—give them cheaper food. How was this to be done? Take the tariff off food products and let the people have their food free."

"SNUFFS HIMSELF OUT."

Then, with a flash of that old-time biting sarcasm, Mr. Foster drove home: "Where is he today? And why is he on the backward ground today than he was three months ago? He has no answer but the politician's answer. The men behind him and the men from whom he expected support have told him, 'wrong again, right about face.' And he has made the right about face. There is the courageous, heroic leader of reform. Convinced by logic and the experience of thirty years as to what he ought to do, yet he snuffs himself out."

OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Branch Office, 62 P. St., Washington, D. C.

Cash Auction Sale

Having received instructions from L. D. Boll, of Red Deer West, three blocks south of Mr. Crulshank's, I will sell by public auction, at his house, on

SATURDAY, MAY 9th, '14

the following goods:
Piano (Japan) and Bench, Italian Oak finish. Cost \$400; nearly new.
Two rocking chairs; child's rocker; six dining chairs; high chair; parlor table; bookcase, with fine set of books; dining table; sanitary cot and mattress; iron bed, spring and mattress; wash stand and large mirror; new Goodrich sewing machine; kitchen table; window blinds; ingrain rug, 9x12; tapestry rug, 7x9; washing machine and wringer; tub; boiler; full line of cooking utensils; dishes; sealers; garden tools; storm curtain for buggy; huckaw; two rain barrels; some dimension lumber; ten bushels good seed potatoes.
Sale at 2:30 sharp.

Terms Cash.

N. WHITE Auctioneer.

Nemo Week

This is NEMO CORSET WEEK at LORD'S



A Nemo Corset, correctly selected, properly adjusted and rightly worn, insures absolute comfort-satisfaction. Make a note to come to our Corset Department this week—NEMO WEEK—and be fitted to the Nemo model designed for your type of figure. We have it.

The largest stock of Corsets between Calgary and the Capital is carried by—

The
W. E. LORD COY
Limited

Raincoats and Umbrellas

Whether this is to be a wet spring or no, you will require some of these goods. See our lines, we can furnish you at any price.

Raincoats

Heavy showerproof Cashmere Military collar, storm fastener on collar and cuffs, in Greens and Tans 8.00
Ditto, soft finished rubberized in plaid lining, raglan sleeves, full back, military collar with storm fastenings on collar and cuffs in Navy, Black and Green 7.50
Better quality Cashmere, plain lining, raglan sleeves, military collar, patch pocket in Fawn and Green 10.50
Better grades at 13.50, 15.00, 16.50
Misses Coats, good quality twill, full back, raglan sleeves, storm collar, insert pockets 4.00 up
Men's Raincoats, single breasted, motor style in Fawns and Greens 38 to 44 \$10, 12.50, \$15
Boys' Paramatta coats, single breasted, fly front, Prussian collar 5.50 up
Umbrellas 75c. up
Rubbers in all sizes from 4 child's to 8 women's.

Oilskin Coats

Black or Yellow Herders 3.50
Black or Yellow Slickers 4.50
Short Jackets, Yellow or Black 1.50
Apron Tails, Yellow or Black 1.50
Sons' Westers 60c.

T. A. GAETZ

Phone 39

Ross Street, Red Deer



ELEVATORS IN THE WEST

Government Adding More to System

The government is pushing ahead with vigor and energy the policy of establishing a system of public-owned interior storage elevators in Western Canada. Two elevators, one at Saskatoon and another at Moose Jaw, are already under construction, and will be ready to help handle the crop of this season. Tenders have now been called for a third elevator at Calgary, tenders to be in by June 1.

The Calgary elevator will be modelled after those in Saskatchewan, and will have a capacity of two and a half million bushels. Like the other two elevators, it will be thoroughly modern in every respect, and will be fitted with the latest cleaning and hospital apparatus for treating grain.

The Calgary elevator will be ready in time to handle the tide of grain which it is expected will flow westward from Alberta into the Panama Canal is opened.

The completion of these three elevators, which will be added to later, will be a tremendous boon to the farmers of the western plains. They will be placed in a position to store their grain for higher prices, to have damaged grain treated close at hand and to be independent of the private owned corporations. The farmer, with the building of these elevators will be able to have his grain handled entirely under Government control if he so desires, as the grain can be shipped through these elevators of the Government-owned terminal elevator which the present administration has built at Port Arthur. In addition, it is expected that the building of these elevators will give an impetus to the milling industry in the West.

The supervision of the elevators east of the head of the lakes is being placed under the control of the Grain Commission, so that there will be Government inspection of wheat from the time it leaves the farm until it is loaded upon the boat at the ocean for Liverpool. The great evil of mixing at eastern elevators, against which the western farmer has so bitterly complained for years, will be eliminated.

IT WAS ONLY A PROMISE

New Light on Liberal Western Policy

Liberals have openly declared war on the Hudson's Bay railway enterprise. The value of the pledge to the West in 1911 can now be judged. Last year the hostility against this enterprise took the form of spreading malicious reports about the work at Port Nelson. Everything possible was done to discredit this undertaking. This session A. K. McLean, financial critic of the Opposition, referred to this national undertaking as "a doubtful enterprise."

It remained for E. W. Nesbitt, member for North Oxford, to inaugurate the campaign of open opposition. Mr. Nesbitt gave the Liberal policy on the Hudson's Bay enterprise during the budget debate.

Here is his statement as recorded in Hansard:

PROUD OF IT.

"The hon. member for Brandon (Mr. Aikens) the other day gloried in the fact that the present Government is building the Hudson's Bay Railway, and he condemned the late administration for not building it. Let me say that if there is anything which I shall be proud of in the future it is the fact that we were not stupid enough to build the Hudson's Bay Railway. From what I have read of the Hudson's Bay route I cannot see how it would be possible to lower the freight charges by the transportation of grain by that route. I am told that the road cannot be considered as a colonization road—that there are no lands to colonize there—and if that is the case I am quite sure that it is not worth while building a railway at enormous cost merely for the purpose of transporting the fish that may be caught in Hudson's Bay."

Mr. Lalor: Is it not a fact that the late Government committed the country to the building of the Hudson's Bay Railway?

Mr. Nesbitt: Quite right; they were foolishly committed by the violent clamor of the people of the West at that time to the building of the Hudson's Bay Railway. I have to live five or six years longer, and if I do you will find that I am absolutely right when I tell you that the Hudson's Bay Railway will never pay for the carrying of that fish from Hudson's Bay; it will never pay as a route for the transportation of grain. We have three transcontinental roads without it, and the construction of this road will involve an expenditure of \$150,000,000 of public money, for which we will receive no benefit.

ONLY A PROMISE.

Liberals were committed to the building of this road. It was just before the 1911 election votes were

wanted, and as they now say "they were foolishly committed by the violent clamor of the people of the West at that time," but it was only for "that time"—until the elections were over. Mr. Nesbitt admits this when he says, "We were not stupid enough to build the Hudson's Bay Railway." So the promise of 1911 was only for "that time," and if the Liberals had been returned to power they would never have built this road, upon which the progress of the West is so dependent.

BRANTFORD PROTESTS

Strong and Unanimous Opposition to Lower Duty on Implements

Although it is generally understood that the Liberal party are in favor of Free Trade in agricultural implements, or at least are strong supporters of material reductions in the implement tariff, the following resolution passed by the Advisory Committee of the Brantford Reform Association on March 16th indicates that the rank and file of the Liberal party are far from favoring the policy laid down by their leaders at Ottawa. The resolution reads as follows:

"That as members of the Advisory Committee of the Brantford Reform Association, we record our firm protest against the removal, or material reduction, of the present duties on agricultural implements, as calculated to do substantial injury to a most important industry, and one in which Brantford is vitally interested, at a time when said industry, in consequence of the loss of business and poor collections in the west is least able to stand it, and also because the import duties now levied on these lines are below the requirements of a tariff for revenue only, and not such as to do any injustice to the western agriculturists, and that a copy of this resolution be sent to Sir Wilfrid Laurier."

Similar resolutions have also been passed by the Conservative Executive in Brantford and the Board of Trade of that city has also taken action along the same lines. The general feeling all through Eastern Canada, but particularly in industrial centres is, without passing on the merits or demerits of the implement tariff as stands, that it would be nothing short of a disaster to reduce the duties this year, when there are thousands of workmen unemployed, and every industry is seriously handicapped by lack of credit and lack of orders. It is felt that any reduction in the tariff must mean increased importations, and consequently would be providing work for American workmen while a greater number of Canadians than ever would be out of the source of livelihood.

BUILD UP YOUR OWN CITY

Practical Policy Advocated by the Calgary "Standard"

After referring to the fact that the Trades and Labor Council endorsed a local directory company as against a Winnipeg printing concern, which had been publishing the Calgary City Directory, the "Standard" points out that the labor interests acted in keeping with a civic spirit which builds up industrial centers. It is felt that the Winnipeg printing house disbursts its money in Winnipeg; the local directory company keep this money at home, and between the two institutions there is absolutely no argument.

Perhaps we of Calgary have been too busy growing to pay much attention to the home industry idea, but we are awakening. We are after new industries and the local distribution of money that comes from their establishment. The local directory company is a home industry of possibilities, and is entitled to the support of every business man who believes in the local idea.

With the city council and the industrial bureau and others clamoring for civic assistance to new industries which may possibly come here in the future, it is plainly the duty of the people of Calgary to look first to the encouragement and development of their own industries, of which the directory concern is one. If Calgary will not give generous support to those who are already on the ground in the city, there is but little likelihood of others being attracted to a field which is so uncompromising. And, if the people of Calgary are willing and ready to support outside industries to the neglect of the local ones, there is little use asking one single other firm to start up business in Calgary. What applies to Calgary applies in general to the "Made-in-Canada" policy. Only by helping our fellow-Canadians to help themselves can we help ourselves.

THE GREAT PROBLEM

When a labor unionist sells his labor for twenty-five per cent. more than it is worth, he is a patriot.

When a farmer sells eggs and beef at twenty-five per cent. more than they are worth, he is a patriot.

When a manufacturer sells his wares, made by laborers who got twenty-five per cent. more than they are worth, to the farmer who is getting twenty-five per cent. more for his beef and eggs than they are worth, what profit should he charge?

Every correct solution gets a prize. Entries free.—Canadian Courier.

FARM MAKES A GOOD HOME

Farmer writing in The Farmers Advocate on "Whither Shall the Young Man Go?" says: "So much has been said on the young men leaving the farm for the city that it would almost seem as if they should never stay on the farm. Now, I think as Bobby Burns says: 'O wad some pow'r the giftie gie us, to see ourselves as others see us,' it would prevent many grievous mistakes on the part of young men choosing their life's occupation. In setting out let him take a retrospective view of what his capabilities are and what he is adapted for, then choose accordingly. A Gladstone should not spend his life behind the plow nor a Lincoln splitting rails, yet there are so many mistakes in the professions and the different occupations of life that point directly to a wrong choice. It is the case of a round tenant to fit a square mortar. If we look around at the men who have left the farm for the city we find some occupying and filling with satisfaction the highest and noblest positions in the world, others filling positions of honor and trust with credit to themselves, while others have come down to the depths of degradation and ruin. Perhaps for the average man reared on the farm they are better adapted to the farm than anything else, if so, why not choose that? With ordinary intelligence and industry they can make an honest, comfortable and respectable living. There is freedom, there is variety of labor, what a wonderful field for admiration in the development of the natural resources of the soil and the animal kingdom, the cultivation of flowers, fruit, grain and the grass, combined with the rearing of the specimens of animals in any class your fancy directs. The farm makes a good home.

WESTERN FREIGHT RATES

Manufacturers Have Been Aiding Western Shippers in Fight For Better Rates

The Canadian Manufacturers' Association submitted the shortest brief on record in the famous Western freight rates recently at Ottawa. Its brevity was not due to lack of information, however, the manufacturers through their traffic expert have been in the forefront for lower freight rates in the West for years. Their statement as filed by J. E. Walsh, Manager Transportation Department, read as follows:

In view of the fact that the evidence in this case is of the most comprehensive character and covers the interests of all parties represented, it is unnecessary for the Canadian Manufacturers' Association to state its views, except in the most general way, as follows:

1. We believe that all freight rates should bear as lightly as possible upon the producer, and this especially because of the fact that all the countries west of Great Lakes are so situated geographically, that of necessity there is a very long haul to the seaboard, and onward to the markets of the world. To give our farmers and other producers all that they are fairly entitled to means that their products must be carried at as low a charge as is consistent with the cost of the service.

2. In order that manufacturers may be encouraged to locate in increasing numbers throughout the West, which is so obviously to the advantage of the producers of farm and other products, and which contributes so materially to the building up of centres of population we believe that raw materials should likewise be carried at as low a charge as is consistent with the cost of the service. This it will be readily seen is in the interests of the railways and of the country generally.

3. The railways must receive a reasonable return on the capital which they have actually invested. To compel them to carry the traffic at unremunerative rates would not only be unjust, but would immediately place an effective check upon the extension of rail transportation, which the people at large are so anxious to encourage.

In a word, therefore, we would be glad if your Board, having due regard to all the circumstances, and considering carefully the interests of all concerned would readjust rates in a way that would conserve and promote the welfare of the Western producer, and carry that readjustment just as far as it would seem practicable to carry it, consistent with the axiom that bona fide capital investment must always be accorded a reasonable return.

Started Important Industry. Living on a pension in London is W. H. Wickham, the man responsible for the introduction of rubber trees in India at the risk of his life. The agricultural department of East India sent Wickham to gather the seed of the Para rubber tree in Brazil. Wickham lived in the jungles with the natives and was full of confidence. Slowly he collected seeds until he had 75,000 of them. He put them in bags and smuggled them aboard a ship, which was short of cargo and timber. That was the beginning of the rubber growing industry in India, and now millions of dollars are made annually from the rubber plantations in Ceylon, Malaya and other East Indian provinces. Wickham ran the risk of a long term in prison, for a Brazilian law prohibited the removal of seeds from the country.

THE BEST SERVICE STORE

That the organized service of this store is superior to the usual standard, that every customer gets Bigger Value in Service and in Merchandise is a recognized and generally accepted fact.

Ladies' Department

Reg. \$9.00 Peter Thompson Dresses for \$4.95, for Quick Selling

These are the only genuine Peter Thompson Dresses, imported direct from the factory in Buffalo, N.Y. They are made up in NAVY SERGE, trimmed with black, white or red; also BLACK SERGE, trimmed in black, made plain and pleated skirts; sailor colors and yoke. Sizes, 12, 14, 16, 18 & 20.

Your Choice for \$4.95

You'll have to hurry as there are not more than three dozen left

Other Garments, sold regularly at \$11.00, 13.50 and 15.00, for \$7.95

Children's White Pique Coats

trimmed with embroidery; ages 6 months to 3 years; at prices that are particularly reasonable.

\$1.50, 1.75 & 2.50

Muslin Dresses for Infants, Misses and Girls

An attractive assortment of styles at all Prices from 95c. to \$3.50

Supreme Bargain in Ladies' Embroidered Waists

with high or low neck, sizes 34 to 44, at \$1.95

Voile Crepe Waists at \$1.50 to 4.50
Muslin Waists 75c., 95c. up to \$3.50

Satin Colored Underskirts

Colors, cerise, Paddy, black, Copenhagen, tan and violet. Regular 3.00 values

\$1.95

Beautiful Finished Skirts

Made of superior quality Serges, with peg-top shape. Colors are brown, black and navy

\$3.50 to 4.50

Newest Shapes in Millinery Just Arrived!

They are NANTUCKET, ENCHANTRESS and SANSOUCI!

Come in, and try these on! They can be smartly trimmed with pretty ribbon, dainty flowers, negligettes and feathers, all of which we are showing in an unusually attractive assortment.

For street wear, the smart sailor, trimmed in various ways, is still a leading feature.

Men's Department

Ready With Summer Stock

Our Men's Department is ever on the alert to keep up with the advance styles and latest wearing apparel for men.

MEN'S SHIRTS

Men's soft shirts with soft collar and cuffs in a varied assortment of stripes at 1.25
Men's plain cream and white lounge shirts with stripe 1.50 and 1.75
Men's fancy lounge shirts with soft collar and cuffs 1.75 to 3.50
Men's Negligee shirts with starched cuffs in a large assortment of plain and fancy stripes 1.00 to 2.50

MEN'S TIES

Men's Silk Ties made up in the new wide shape in plain and fancy designs with bordered ends 65c.
Men's Silk Ties made up in the narrow shape reversible with bordered ends 50c.
Men's Ties in silk and silk knitted, large assortment at 35c.

MEN'S COLLARS

Arrow and M & D Collars, popular shapes 2 for 25c.

MEN'S SOX

Men's fine black cashmere Sox, 25c. to 50c. pr.
Men's tan cashmere Sox, 25c. and 35c. pr.
Men's black lisle Sox 25c. and 35c. pr.
Men's black silk Sox 65c.

MEN'S HATS

Men's black soft Felt Hats 1.75 to 3.00
Men's colored Felt Hats, a large assortment of colors and shapes 1.50 to 4.00
Men's black stiff Hats, in all the latest shapes 2.00 to 3.00
John B. Stetson Hats in black, brown, fawn and grey 4.00

MEN'S UNDERWEAR

Men's Fine Balbriggan Underwear 40c. to 80c. a garment
Men's Merino Underwear 65c. a garment
Men's Balbriggan Combinations, closed crotch 1.00
Nainsook Combinations with short sleeves and knee length 1.25
Fine pure wool Underwear, summer weight 1.25 a garment
Pure wool ribbed Combinations, light weight 2.50

We also carry a full line of suspenders, garters, gloves, pyjamas and night gowns.

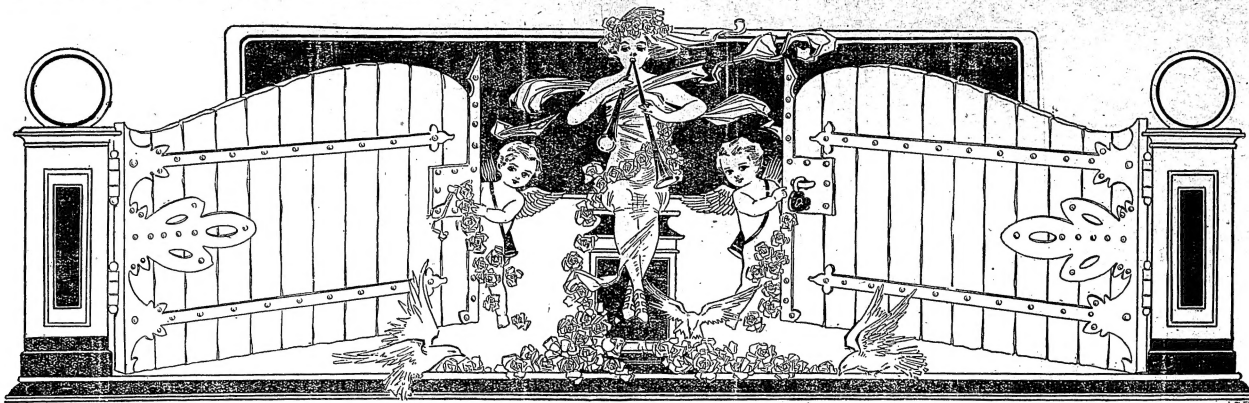


"Lion Brand" Overalls for Boys

All sizes

65C.

The W. E. LORD CO., Ltd.



Pre-Summer Showing of MILLINERY, Thurs., May 7th and Sat., May 9th

Advance styles for the coming warm weather. New goods have arrived, and are arriving, to supply your wants for a change of climate.

Panama Hats

We are showing a big range of these popular and stylish hats in new shapes. We have the large ones, but we find the smaller shapes are the best sellers and the prices are popular and moderate.

Minella Hats

These are the new idea in flat straw wear. They are very light and are a particularly good white in color. The shapes are much the same as the Panamas and the prices are lower.

Peanut Braid Hats

We have also a full range of the well tested Peanut Braid Hats. These are very popular for summer wear.

Laces and Tulle

are very prominent in the summer millinery and we have a large showing, featuring these dainty and summery trimmings.

Tennis Hats

Very interesting is our showing of these "sports" hats, made for service as well as smart appearance. The prices are from \$2.00 upwards.

You will be welcome at our Pre-Summer Opening, when you can see much better than we can describe.

LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR

Northway Suits



On the arrival of warmer weather you will need a change of outer garments and a suit comes naturally to your mind. We have a well assorted stock to choose from, in all the new fabrics, Basket Weave, Ratine, Moire, Bedford Cord, French Serge, Irish Serge and the colors are Brown, Tan, Cope, Navy, Black and some Tweed effects.

As to a "Northway" garment for a well built and trimmed Coat or Skirt, there are very few equals and certainly no superior. The collars and shoulders are all hand tailored, which ensures a permanent keeping of shape and the quality of goods and lining are guaranteed. The prices are

\$15.00, 17.00, 18.00, 20.00 to 35.00

Ladies' Skirts

There are a great many separate skirts being worn this season and we have increased our stock to suit. Black and White and Fawn and White Checks are very smart. Tweeds are always good and Serges are the standby. Navys, Browns, Blacks and Grays are here in great variety and the prices are \$3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00 up to 8.00.

Dress Goods

Another shipment just arrived shows the new Silk and Wool Brocade Ratines, beautiful goods in Rose, Tan and Cream. 44 ins. wide at

Cream Serge 42 ins. wide at 60c.
Cream Serge 44 ins. wide at 75c.
Tartan Plaids in Mohair, Browns and Blues 42 ins. at 75c.
Piques, different sizes of Cords in plain or fancy patterns at 25c., 30c., 35c. and 50c.
Dimity Muslins in fine hair stripes at 20c., 25c. and 30c.
Plain Drills White, Tan, Navy, Cope and Pale Blue at 20c.
Gala tees in pretty stripes at 18c. and 20c.



Prints A big range of the famous "Crumbs" prints in Navy, Butcher blue, Cherry, Reds, Lilacs and Light Grounds, 32 ins., at 15c.

BOOTS and SHOES

LADIES' SHOES

A new last that is winning many friends is a patent colt, long vamp, cloth top, Cuban heel, made by the C. P. Ford people. Ask to see this boot. The price is 5.00

An absolutely new style in the "Nubuck" in a beautiful shade of brown; extremely dressy and very serviceable. It is a buttoned boot at 6.00

Another comfortable boot is a short vamp; box toe, dull leather top, in patent colt, at 5.00

We would also draw your attention to the "Nubuck," a very smart white boot for the warmer weather, at 6.00



Why are you tired?

Weak insteps cause tired feet and limbs, but if supported carefully in position heel quickly and give no more trouble. The Scholl "Foot-Eazer" prevents tiring—is a scientific arch support—holds up the instep—is certain and sure in its work. The

Scholl "Foot-Eazer"

fits easily into the regular size shoe—takes away strain and pressure—supports the body. They are springs, self-adjusting to any foot, changed from one pair of shoes to another, and can be worn with comfort by anyone. Made of leather and German silver springs. Men and women whose occupations necessitate standing or walking on hard floors, stone pavements, carrying grips, etc., and others as clerks, salesmen, nurses, motor-men, etc., should wear the Scholl "Foot-Eazer". You can't have restful feet until you do wear them.

The Scholl "Foot-Eazer" for men and for women—\$2.00 per pair. Not much when it saves pain and doctor's bills. Buy and try. Your money back if they don't ease your feet. Let us demonstrate the actual merits of the Scholl "Foot-Eazer"



No More Tired and Aching Feet If You Use "Scholl's Foot Eazer"

This is not an idle remark, but an ACTUAL FACT; we are speaking from experience, and if you use them you can't help recommending them. We will give you a pair to try for 10 days, and if it is not as we have stated we will take back the "Foot Eazers."

The Price is \$2.00 per pair

and we have them in different sizes.

We have also

"Scholl's Toe Rights" at 35c.

"Scholl's Bunion Rights" at 50c.

"Scholl's Bunion Reducers"

(A positive cure for bunions)

Drop in, and we will give you a book on how to make your feet happy, for nothing.

MEN'S CLOTHING

If you will come in and spend a few minutes, we are confident we can convince you that our showing of Spring Clothing has never been so low priced for the high quality of the goods.

THURSDAY & SAT'DY SPECIALS

MEN'S HATS

Here is your chance, men, to get a Borcelano Hat. Reg. \$4.50, and the best in two hemispheres at that price, for \$2.95

MEN'S PANTS

18 pairs only English Worsted in greys principally. Reg. 4.00 for \$2.95

MEN'S PANTS

24 pairs Men's Tweed Work Pants, various colors and stripes. Reg. 2.00 for 1.59

ODD VESTS

28 only Vests to clear. Reg. 1.00 and 1.25 for 78c.

CAPS

Job line of Men's and Boys' Caps. Reg. up to 50c., for 19c.

MEN'S SUITS

20 only Suits; desirable goods; new and up-to-date Tweed in various colors. Reg. 18.00 and 20.00, for 13.50

Note the price, men, and then come in and see them. Two days only at this price.

MEN'S TIES

50 dozen Mill Samples; natty designs; right up-to-date. Reg. 50c. for 29c.

MEN'S SUSPENDERS

25 dozen Braces; good enough for anyone, for 29c.

UMBRELLAS

10 dozen samples; good goods; Reg. 1.25 to 1.75, for 98c.

LADIES' OXFORDS

25 pairs Tan Oxfords. Reg. 4.50 for 3.2

MEN'S SHIRTS

35 doz. Men's fine Negligee Shirts; soft collars; all new goods; dressy patterns. Reg. 1.50 and 1.75, for 98c.

Don't miss this genuine bargain

MEN'S SHIRTS

20 doz., soft bosoms and stiff cuffs; smart stuff; Reg. 1.25, for 69c.

Some have soft collars and ties to match

MEN'S SOCKS

10 dozen black Cashmere, with fancy stripes. Reg. 35c. Don't go without socks, men; these are only 19c. pair

Tapestry Rugs

Various designs and colors. 60 in. x 27 in. Reg. 1.50 for 1.00

Ladies' Hose

Travellers samples in Tan and Black, Cotton and Lisle thread Reg. 35c. to 75c. for 25c. pr.

Tooth Brushes

Reg. 25c. for 15c.

Corset Covers

Good heavy cambric lace trimming Reg. 35c. for 20c.

Men's Pulmans

24 pairs Dongola Kid slippers Reg. 2.25 for 99c. pr.

36 pairs Romeo Dongola Kid slippers Reg. 2.25 for 1.29 pr.

Children's Oxfords

60 pairs splendid Tan and Kid Oxfords. Sizes 8 to 10½ and 11 to 2. A genuine snap. Clearing at 1.85

Ladies' Pumps

25 pairs Ladies' Gunmetal Pumps, splendid value at 3.75 for 2.95

Bread made from SEAL OF ALBERTA Flour will be delivered with Grocery orders to any part of the city

McLean Bros.

THE BUSY STORE
ROSS ST., RED DEER

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

LOST.

From Mr. E. H. Jones' quarter-section, 4 miles S.W. of Sylvan Lake, Thursday night, one bay horse, 5 years old, with wire cut on right front foot, and it also had a halter on when seen last. Would finder kindly notify J. G. White, Sylvan Lake, or the Landon Cocksfoot Implement Co., Red Deer, Sylvan Lake, Apr. 29.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.

From purebred Light Brahmas, White Wyandottes and White Orpingtons.—H. P. ELLIS, Poplar St. April 15, 4w.

FOR SALE.

Choice potatoes for seed or cooking. Price 50 cents per bushel. Orders can be left at post office, Red Deer.—MRS. WM. JONES. Apr. 29, 11.

FOR SALE.

1 Trio of White Crested Black Polands, \$12.00; 1 Pair of Kallistrass Strain White Orpingtons, \$7.00; 2 Breeding Pens of White Wyandottes at \$10 per pen.—P. ELLIS, Box 190, Red Deer, Alta. Apr. 29, 2w.

NICE GARDEN PLOT TO RENT.
To rent, a garden consisting of about an acre and a half of first class soil. Apply to News Office. Red Deer, Apr. 14, 1914.

SYLVAN LAKE.

Mr. Edmund Rose wishes to inform his past patrons and all desiring of a quiet boarding place during their vacation at Sylvan Lake, that he intends opening his family hotel on the 1st of June. Only boarders will be catered for, not a restaurant business. Apr. 28, 1m.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO

Capital authorized	\$10,000,000
Capital paid up	7,000,000
Reserve and Undivided Profits	8,400,000
Total Assets over	77,000,000

This Bank with branches throughout the Dominion of Canada, and agents and correspondents throughout the world, offers excellent facilities for the transaction of banking business.

Title Deeds, Mortgages, etc., held for safe keeping for customers without charge.

Savings Bank Department—Deposits of \$1 and upwards received and interest allowed from date of deposit.

Red Deer Branch

E. J. CASE, Manager

RED DEER IRON WORKS.

Morrison Street, - Telephone 169.

haft turning, Wheelbarrow and Pipe screw cut to any size and number of threads by machinery.

Repairs to all kinds of machinery promptly executed. The works are fitted throughout by most modern new machinery driven by Electric Motor.

J. W. BROUGHTON,

Engineer, Millwright, Machinist

Wallpapers

JUST ARRIVED

The latest creations in European Wallpapers and Wall Decorations. It is worth your time to come down and see these samples, as they are the finest ever put before the Red Deer public.

P. E. KENT & Co'y,

Painters, Decorators and Carriage Painters
P. O. BOX 314 NORTH RED DEER

SANITARY!

Hamilton's is mixed by sanitary machinery, and made in a SANITARY Bakery. Only the purest materials used in manufacture.

CAKES AND PASTRY a specialty

Eat Sanitary Food!

Hamilton's Bakery

Phone 15 Gaetz Avenue N.

MARKET OPENS

MAY 7th

City Council Deals With Question

CITIZENS ASKED TO MAKE IT A SUCCESS

A special meeting of the City Council, to discuss Market Day for Red Deer was held in the City Hall on Thursday last, April 30th, Mayor Carscallen presiding, with Aldermen Coote, Smith and Carswell in attendance.

A deputation, consisting of R. B. Welliver, H. H. Gaez and Whitehouse, were present on behalf of the Board of Trade.

A. T. Stephenson first read the resolution passed at the representative meeting, which followed the public meeting on Saturday, April 25th, as follows:

"That whereas this joint committee, composed of representatives from the Red Deer Board of Trade, the City Council, the Village of North Red Deer, the Women's Institute of Red Deer, and the various Farmers' Unions in the district, having carefully composed the proposal to establish a weekly market at Red Deer, and being of the opinion that the project is feasible, and that the establishment of such market would be of great advantage to the producers and consumers of the city and district."

Therefore be it resolved that the Council of the City of Red Deer be respectfully requested to take such steps as may be necessary to establish a weekly market within the city, and that the first market be arranged for the first Thursday in May, and thereafter on each Thursday."

R. B. Welliver then addressed the Council, and said that the resolution just read was the outcome of considerable thought and attention on the part of the committee, and that the committee was anxious to see the project carried out. He said that the committee was of the opinion that the project was feasible, and that the establishment of such market would be of great advantage to the producers and consumers of the city and district.

Mr. Whitehouse said that he was in favor of the project, and that he was of the opinion that the project was feasible, and that the establishment of such market would be of great advantage to the producers and consumers of the city and district. He said that he was of the opinion that the project was feasible, and that the establishment of such market would be of great advantage to the producers and consumers of the city and district.

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moving motion was brought in. Moved by Aldermen Carswell and Smith—That this Council establish a market as outlined in the resolution passed at the public meeting of citizens held in the City Hall, Saturday, 25th of April, and the Red Deer curling rink be secured for the purpose at \$15 per month. That the first market day be Thursday, May 7th. Carried.

The question of the management of the market was then discussed, and the following motion put and carried:

Moved by Aldermen Smith and Carswell—That the management of the market be vested in a committee of nine, consisting of three members of the City Council, three from the Board of Trade, and three from the Women's Institute.

The appointment of a market superintendent was the next proceeding. Alderman Smith thought that Mr. Mann was just the person to fill that position if he could be spared from his present duties for one day each week.

Mayor Carscallen also favored this appointment, saying that he thought he could be able to look after these duties at the present time, but as to whether he would be able to handle them right along, he could not say.

Mr. Mann, who was present, said he would be glad to do the work if possible. He was in a position here that gave him the chance of keeping tabs on these matters, and he was both willing and ready to give all the assistance at his command. He was not sure how he could carry on the work later on when he had the work of the Fair to look after, but as far as the present was concerned, he could undertake the duties.

Aldermen Coote and Carswell then moved that J. Mann be appointed market superintendent. Carried.

The following Aldermen were appointed to the market committee of management: W. E. Lord, G. W. Smith and J. Watson, on motion of Aldermen Coote and Carswell.

The question of the market was then discussed, and the following motion brought in:

Moved by Aldermen Coote and Carswell—That the City Council appropriate the sum of \$150 to establish and maintain the market. Carried.

R. B. Welliver, on behalf of the deputation, thanked the Council for their consideration and the interest they had shown in the market question.

The meeting then adjourned.

CY WARMAN

In the death of this writer Canada lost one of her best known sons. The following poem was one of his best known productions.

Cy Warman in his early life was a railroad man, working as engineer on the Union Pacific. Much of his best work in prose and verse is reminiscent of those days, his most widely-quoted poem, "Will the Lights Be White?" being of tender and noble sentiment, and indicative of a depth of religious feeling which few of the jovial Cy's friends would be apt to suspect him of possessing. The poem will live.

WILL THE LIGHTS BE WHITE?
Oft, when I feel my engine swerve,
As a stranger's eye around the curve
For what awaits us there.
When swift and free she carries me
Through yards unknown at night,
I look along the line to see
That all the lamps are white.

The blue lights mark the crippled car.
The green light signals slow;
The red light is a danger light.
Let her go, let her go,
Again the open fields we roam.
And when the night is fair,
I look up in the starry dome
And wonder what's up there.

For who can speak for those who dwell behind the curving sky?
No man has ever lived to tell
Just what it means to die.
Swift toward life's terminal I trend;
The run seems short tonight.
I only know what's at the end—
I hope the lamps are white.

The blue lights mark the crippled car.
The green light signals slow;
The red light is a danger light.
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No Hope of Saving Men In The Mine

203 MINERS ENTOMBED IN BURNING SHAFT DOOMED

59 Injured Are Taken From Pit

Ecobles, W. Va., April 29.—All hope for the rescue alive of 203 miners entombed by an explosion Tuesday in mines Nos. five and six, of the New River Collieries company here, was abandoned late Tuesday night. Rescuers were unable to force their way into the burning shafts. Fifty-nine men, all burned severely, were rescued from the mine No. six, and are receiving medical treatment in improvised wards. The disaster, the second largest in the mining history of West Virginia, was caused by a gas explosion in the 600 foot level of mine No. 5.

NOT ONE ESCAPED.

It was followed five minutes later by a second explosion, which completely wrecked the mine and partially demolished mine No. 6, a connecting operation. One hundred and

ninety men were at work in mine No. 5 and not one of the men reached the surface. The mine at once caught fire and attempts at rescue were futile. All hope of getting the miners out of mine No. 5 was given up and rescue parties were driven back by the intense heat.

The four dead and fifty-nine injured men were taken from mine No. 6 through one of the four shafts of the mine.

The governor and high officials of the company, together with government and state experts, are at the mine rendering all the assistance in their power. There is little excitement. Scenes usually attending such disasters are lacking. Relatives of the miners, convinced there is little hope of the recovery alive of their loved ones, sought their homes early in the night, leaving only rescue crews at the mouths of the mines.

W.C.T.U. COLUMN

HILL END

WHAT TOMFOOLERY.

To the Editor,—
"At the meetings of the United Kingdom Alliance in Manchester England, leading doctors, all over the world, including Chinese physicians of the highest rank and reputation in their profession, were present. They spoke of alcohol as a dreadful protoplasmic poison which lowers the vitality and renders the system more liable to disease, especially tuberculosis. This is most terrible of all diseases in the world, and deadly disease in the world. A great Paris doctor found that there was no question that the man who took alcohol in however small quantities introduced into his blood that tremendously lowered the power of the white cells to overcome the microbes. That has been proved directly and indirectly by statistics of persons who have visited Paris in order to be treated for various diseases."

"Sir Arnold White has discovered that the germs of consumption are found in greatest numbers in the bedroom of a victim of tuberculosis, and that the second profile side of this deadly enemy of mankind is the public barroom. Medical Officers of Health in our own district have cautioned Dr. Niven, are in perfect accord with that opinion."

Some time ago the International Congress on Tuberculosis met in Paris, and was attended by the world's greatest experts in that disease. That Congress passed unanimously a resolution that be forwarded to the government of every country to the effect that the fight against tuberculosis must everywhere be combined with the fight against alcohol.

The doctors who passed that resolution were not temperance cranks but men who devoted their lives to the study of tuberculosis, and they said "If you are going to fight this you must simultaneously fight alcohol." In view of these facts what tomfoolery it is to talk about stamping out consumption without attacking the cause.

And what folly it is to maintain places that cause consumption and at the same time to be spending thousands in an attempt to stamp out the disease.

Arnott, M.B., M.C.P.S.

April 29.

On Saturday, April 28th, the Hill End Cricket Club had its first game at 7.30 p.m. Eighteen were present to participate in the pleasure, and a very enjoyable time was spent.

A Sunday School has been started, with Mrs. E. G. Hill as Superintendent. Mrs. Denmore Bible class teacher, and Mrs. Eger and Mrs. Healy other classes.

The Ladies' Aid of Hill End and Clarendon held a general business meeting at the residence of Mrs. Söghurst. Here it was decided that the two Aids would work together for the purpose of erecting a church. Nearly every lady in both districts was present.

Mrs. L. Hornett is leaving for the coast on Wednesday to visit her son. Minutes of the second business meeting of the Hill End Cricket Club. The following motions were moved and carried: That the grounds for the Club be on the N.E. quarter, 32-35-26, two miles east of Hill End P.O. That the name of the Club be known as the Hill End Cricket Club. That we send to Eaton's for the supplies. That practice nights be every Wednesday and Saturday. That J. Coulthwaite be caretaker of the outfit.

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BIRTHS

At Red Deer, Thursday, April 30th, to Mr. and Mrs. Dave Hall, a daughter.

At Red Deer, Tuesday, May 5th, to Mr. and Mrs. John R. Scott, a son.

At Red Deer, Friday, May 1st, 1914, to Mr. and Mrs. Donald Smith, a daughter.

At Red Deer, Thursday, April 30th, 1914, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Shelton, a daughter.

At Red Deer, Wednesday, April 29th, 1914, to Mr. and Mrs. Bedwell, a daughter.

At Vegreville, Alta., on Wednesday, April 29th, to Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Cunningham, a son.

Notice

Mr. H. A. Crocker, Edwell, will travel for the season through the districts of Edwell and Willowdale his young Clyde stallion, "The Boss" imported at the same time and from the same owner as Mr. Sims' champion mare. "The Boss" is of Chianthra blood, and is a fine representative of the Clyde.

Terms: \$12.50 at time of service, and \$10 when mare foals a live colt. James Freeman, groom.

Apr 29, 3w.

Will Stand at Reid Bros. Barn

H. A. Crocker's standard bred stallion, Little Belle, will stand for mares for the season at the Palace Livery, Reid Bros.' barn.

Little Belle's colts are well known and command the highest prices for their class of stock—good, big, strong horses from 1100 to 1300 lbs., with good action and endurance.

Terms: \$10 when mare foals a live colt.

H. A. CROCKER, Edwell.

Apr 29, 3w.

THE VanDyck Studio

For an all-round first-class Portrait or Group Picture, any size, at the right price, go to the VanDyck Studio.

Portraits taken from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

May 6th

Palace Livery

Horses and Auto up-to-date in every way, and at your service

Day and Night.

Reid Bros.

First St. S. PHONE 17

JUST ARRIVED

PRATT'S

Animal Regulator
Poultry
Roup Cure
Lice Killer

Chick Food for The Young Chicks

at

Nevison's HARNESS SHOP

Trunks, Bags, Gloves, Tents
Etc., Etc.

Baskets - Baskets

All kinds of them. Buy a basket for Red Deers First Market. Everybody buys from the Farmer.

Special 21 piece Tea Set
One only reg. 3.25 for 2.65

J. C. BRAZIER Ross Street, Red Deer

LOCAL AND GENERAL

The Licensing Commission meet in Red Deer, Thursday, May 7.

Bigger bargains than ever. Only two weeks more to Mrs. Jarvis' sale of hats, ribbons, etc.

MARRIED.

At St. Andrew's Manse, Innisfail, on Friday, April 10th, 1914, by Rev. J. S. Shortt, M.A., Miss Alicia M. Walker, of Red Deer, to Frank G. Hodges, of Dayland.

DIED.

Cochrane—At Red Deer, Alta., on Sunday, May 4th, 1914, Grace Cochina, beloved widow of the late A. S. Cochrane, of Ottawa, Ont., in her 62nd year. Calgary papers please copy.

Hear "The Mole King's Daughter," Parish Hall, May 7.

HAIR WORK.

Miss Waller will attend ladies at their homes for hair dressing, manuring, shampooing, face massage, etc. Comings make up. P.O. Box 128, phone 25, Red Deer.

Apr 15, 1ml.

WANTED.

A carload of potatoes this week. Apply to WM. HAMMOND, Massey Harris Co., Red Deer.

May 6, 1w.

TO RENT.

Room and board for two ladies or gentlemen—Apply Mrs. A. Fleming, 838, Third St., Parkvale.

May 4, 1f.

TO RENT.

Room and board for two gentlemen or ladies; fully modern house, on Waskaseau Ave. Third house north from Ross St.

May 6, 1w.

GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. Wanted, a good girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. W. E. Payne, 1st St. South, Parkvale.

May 6th, 3w.

STRAY MARE.

Strayed onto the premises of the undersigned, a sorrel mare, white face, about 1200 lbs., and one dark brown colt, coming one year, two white hind feet and white stripe on face. A reward will be given for information leading to their recovery.—Red Deer P.O. or Phone R. 5, 09.

May 6, 2w.

FOR SALE. Lilac Bushes, Flowering Currants and Prince's Feather Manicots Maple, Pansy and other flowering plants. Rhubarb roots and seed. Horse radish roots, shives, cabbage, cauliflower, lettuce, brocole and Brussels sprout plants.

JOSEPH COLE, Victoria Ave. South.

May 6, 1w.

COLTS STRAYED. From the premises of D. S. Urquhart, N.E. 25, T. 38, R. 27, Balmain district, about April 29th, one bay colt, two years old, white stripe on face, one hind foot white, and black mane and tail; and one dark brown colt, coming one year, two white hind feet and white stripe on face. A reward will be given for information leading to their recovery.—Red Deer P.O. or Phone R. 5, 09.

May 6, 2w.

TENDERS

SEALED TENDERS marked "For Mounted Police Provisions and Light Supplies, Provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan," and addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to noon on Thursday, June 4, 1914. Printed forms of tender containing full information as to the articles and quality required, may be had on application at any of the Mounted Police posts in the Provinces or at the office of the undersigned.

No tender will be received unless made on such printed forms. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted Canadian bank cheque or draft for an amount equal to 5 p.c. of the total value of the articles tendered for, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the service contracted for. If the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned. No payment will be made to newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority having been first obtained.

LAURENCE FORTESCUE, Comptroller.

Ottawa, April 28, 1914. —00261

May 6, 2w.

Don't forget the wallpaper sale at H. G. Stone's.

Hear "The Mole King's Daughter," Parish Hall, May 7.

"Broncho Ivan" is at present visiting Charlie Smith at the ranch.

Don't fail to see the mysterious X.L. Handoff King at the Lyric, May 8 and 9.

\$5.00 will put a nice tea set in your house. Sale by monthly payments, at Brazier's.

Les. McDonald, from the University of Alberta, was visiting Mr. and Mrs. Huestis last week end.

Before cleaning-up day it would be a good move to have those ashes removed. Don't remain unmoved.

Fishing tackle at John McVicar's bookstall since 1902. For sizes of Swift's waggons. Issued of marriage licenses.

Anyone owning or in charge of vacant property to which they cannot sell themselves on Friday, please provide a man to do so.

Oscar McCune and family are visiting friends in Red Deer and vicinity. Mr. McCune is engineer at the large flour mill at Strome, Alta.

On Friday night, at the school grounds, a baseball game, last men vs. high school girls; basketball game, High School vs. Fireman; and children's sports.

Replace those trees that have died by living ones, furnished by the Horticultural Society. Lend your active assistance toward making Red Deer clean and beautiful.

A public meeting is being held tonight at eight o'clock in the City Hall to discuss Dominion Day sports, July 1st. Every citizen should be interested and attend if possible.

Normal school at Camrose and Calgary is over. H. Doughty, Miss A. Schmidt, R. Clark and W. Huestis have returned from Calgary and the first three have taken schools for the summer. Miss M. Kinnas has returned from Camrose and taken a school for the summer.

Bert Griffith has resigned his position on the Land Office staff to accept a more lucrative position in Edmonton. Mr. Griffith will be missed in Red Deer, as he has always been a prominent member of St. Luke's Church choir and has been one of the prominent actors, minstrel and other performances in connection with the society of the church.

C. Markle, P. Galbraith, A. Carswell and R. Hewson have arrived home from the University of Alberta, as their courses are finished for this year. Leo Brown and R. Miller, of the same place, are taking schools for the summer. G. Carswell, C. Brenner and L. Smith are still trying exams. The reports of any of the exams are not yet out, but will be handed in a few days.

Mr. R. E. Lawrence, of Lawrence & Elliott, returned from Vancouver, who appear with Frank Morton Co., at the Lyric, Tuesday, May 12, is a member of the American Dancing Masters Association, which, at their annual convention in Chicago last spring, gave their approval to the various so-called "eraze" dances.

Each dance was fully demonstrated, and argued over for hours, correcting here and there in the various steps, until the correct method of dancing the tango, including two hundred and sixty nine, separate and distinct steps. Mr. Lawrence gives an absolutely free demonstration of the various dances after each performance.

Eckville

Mrs. J. J. Clausen, with her daughter Beatrice, is visiting her parents at Innisfail.

Mrs. G. Forth and Mrs. (Dr.) Evans visited in Stettler last week. The rain on Monday started the grass to grow and the trees to put forth their leaves, besides doing much good to the seed already sown.

Miss G. McMann arrived on Friday, and took charge of the Eckville school on Monday.

It is rumored that a third implement agency will be started in town. The two already established are turning out a large number of implements.

"Clean-up" day has reached Eckville. Most of the residents have been busy during the last week improving their places. Dr. Evans is having his drug store and office painted. Messrs. Williams and Evans have painted their meat market, and Mr. J. Lundberg has placed a new sign upon his building.

G. Sexton is contemplating moving his store to Main St. and building a large addition thereto, in which he will carry a full line of dry goods, groceries and hardware.

A meeting was held in the town hall on Wednesday evening to arrange plans for a celebration on May 25th. Bills announcing the programme will be posted soon.

Springvale

An entertainment and ice cream social is planned for Wednesday, April 29th, in Springvale Church, under the auspices of the Young People's Bible Class. The fact that the Rev. H. Arthur Barton, of Penhold, is again to assist with the programme, guarantees it to be of a first class nature. The young people propose to use the proceeds to fix up the church.

College Notes

On Friday night the students gave a reception, which was much enjoyed by those present, as shown by the attendance, which was the best yet. The evening was spent in playing different games and music.

Mr. Gordon MacDonald, of Edmonton, spent the afternoon with his cousin, Miss Mathers, on Thursday.

The Y.W.C.A. held its first meeting this term on Sunday morning, with a good attendance.

Wedding Bells

A very pretty wedding took place in North Red Deer on Wednesday last, when H. A. McKenzie, of the firm of Baird & McKenzie, was united in marriage to Miss Winnifred Fallows.

Both young people are well known and decidedly popular, and this was shown by the interest shown in the wedding and by the good wishes and remembrances of friends and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. McKenzie left for Banff, where the honeymoon will be spent, amid showers of confetti and the best wishes of their many friends.

Birthday Presentation

A very pleasant gathering took place at L. Cooper's business establishment on Friday evening, May 1st, when a birthday presentation was made to Frank R. Young met and presented him with an illuminated address in memory of his birthday.

R. J. Thompson made the presentation in a very fitting speech, pointing out that Frank had many friends and well wishers in the city.

Young replied in a feeling manner, saying he had never dreamed of being thought so much of, but felt proud he was not forgotten by his friends. Among those present were F. Young (father), R. J. Thompson, L. Cooper, L. Dunbar, C. Broughton, P. Bliss and others. The evening was brought to a finish by the singing of "For he's a jolly good fellow," at twelve o'clock.

Wants Time to Study Annual Report

Editor News.—I would suggest to the City Council that they instruct Mr. Stephenson, Secretary-Treasurer, to have the financial statement for 1914 finished in two weeks or at least one week, in each of the papers, previous to the evening on which annual meeting is held, so that the ratepayers can study and discuss it intelligently that evening.

If the Secretary-Treasurers in Alberta find the time too short to have complete statements ready at that time, the local Legislature might be petitioned and the Municipal Ordinance amended to have the fiscal year extended one or two weeks later than at present.

Thanking you for space,
Yours truly,
JOHN McVICAR.

"Arabian Nights" at The Empress

"The Arabian Nights," as presented by the Anglican Young People's Association, at the Empress Theatre, on Monday night, came up to expectations, and was a most successful affair of applause that was given by the audience.

The play had been given previously at the Parish Hall, and it was not on so well that it was considered the public should have another chance of seeing what the amateurs were capable of doing. At the Empress Theatre, the play was given in a very good sized audience present, who were appreciative all through the play. The ability shown by the actors, who are mostly new to the stage in Red Deer, was very marked. There was not a weak spot in the cast, and all deserve praise for the clever manner in which they carried out their parts. The following was the cast:

Mr. Arthur Hummingtop, James Warlow; Ralph Ormrod; Edwin Brookes; Joshua Gillibrand, Charles Clark; Dobson, F. Bliss; Mrs. Hummingtop, Miss Lottie Hossett; Mrs. Gillibrand, Miss Hilda Hossett; Daisy Maitland, Miss Nellie Harris; Barbara, Miss Winnie Brown; Rosa Colomblie, Miss Elizabeth Pidgeon.

Baird & McKenzie Get Big Contract

Messrs. Baird & McKenzie, have received a further large contract from the Brazeau Collieries Co., of Nordberg, to build fifty more four-room cottages with lavatories attached, ten one and a half storey houses, barber shop and pool room, butcher shop, baker and confectionery shop and a hospital. All these buildings are to be up-to-date, in structure, and the hospital, which will be a two story one, is being fitted with steam heating apparatus and waterworks. It will have rooms for twenty patients, in addition to rooms for the staff, and will also have the latest medical appliances.

H. A. McKenzie has charge of the work, and is rushing things along, having completed forty-three cottages at the rate of two a day.

Clean Up and Paint Up Red Deer

It is a commendable campaign for the health of any city, and as the Red Deer City Council have set aside next Friday as a Public Holiday and Clean-up Day, let's all go to it. Of course, Paint, Wire Fencing and Garden Tools will be chiefly used. We can supply you.

Stephen's Ready Mixed Paints for Floors 75c. a quart to \$3.00 a gallon.	Lawn Fence, 3 ft. high 25 ft. for \$3.25 (This is a special)
Stephen's Ready Mixed Paints for inside and out 25c. a can to \$3.00 a gallon.	Electric welded fence for the sides and back of your lot, 3 feet high, chicken proof, 10 rod roll for \$5.00
Silkstone for plastered walls at 80c. a quart to 3.00 a gall.	Garden Gates 3 ft. wide for 2.75 3 1/2 " " 3.00
Jap-lac and Varnish Stains for floors and furniture.	Garden and Lawn Rakes, 45c., 50c., 60c. & 85c. Garden Hoes, 45c., 50c. & 60c.
O'Cedar Mops - \$1.50 O'Cedar Polish 25c. & 50c. Liquid Veneer 25c. & 50c.	Wheelbarrows 3.50 & 5.50 Lawn Mowers, 5.00, 7.50, 8.00 & 13.00
Flower Pots, 10c. 15c. & 20c.	Screen Doors, from 1.25 up

Don't forget our large stock of Fishing Tackle. Phone orders are appreciated, and will receive our best attention and prompt delivery.

Best Value and Best Service for Your Money at

THE DAY HARDWARE COMPANY
Phone 76 Gaetz Ave. S.

FARM LANDS In Red Deer District

\$2 PER ACRE CASH

Balance in 7, 8 or 9 years

THE SMITH LAND CO. LIMITED

Owners of Red Deer West. 30 ROSS ST. RED DEER

Our stock has been very largely increased, during the last week, by the arrival of a carload of

Bedroom and Dining-room Furniture

We are in a position to show you one of the largest ranges of DRESSERS ever seen in this vicinity. We have a stock of more than 30 Drawers in Mahogany, Quartered Oak, Birch Mahogany, Surface Oak, etc.

Prices, from \$9.50 to \$40.00

SPECIAL

SOLID OAK Dining-room Suite

consisting of Buffet (full size), Round Extension Table with pedestal, 6 small and one arm dining-room chairs (in solid oak with leather seats) at

\$65.00 the Suite

These are in the fashionable Puffed Finish.

BRASS BEDS

We have in stock over 20 Brass Beds, at prices that meet every taste. We handle only ideal Beds, and guarantee them. There is no better bed on the market. Prices from \$15.50 to \$37.50

A very large stock of IRON BEDS from \$3.75 up

We have recently added a large consignment of SEA GRASS FURNITURE, and prices are lower than ever.

We carry practically everything you need to furnish your house, including such things as VERANDAHI SHADES, and it will certainly pay to inspect our stock before buying.

E. G. JOHNS & CO.

FURNITURE DEALERS - GAETZ AVE. NORTH